

ZETTLER DISPLAYS

SPECIFICATIONS FOR LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY

CUSTOMER APPROVAL			
※ PART NO.: <u>ATM0220B14F (ZETTLER DISPLAYS) VER1.0</u>			
APPROVAL		COMPANY CHOP	
CUSTOMER COMMENTS			

ZETTLER DISPLAYS ENGINEERING APPROVAL		
DESIGNED BY	CHECKED BY	APPROVED BY
ZZK		

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2. Revision Record

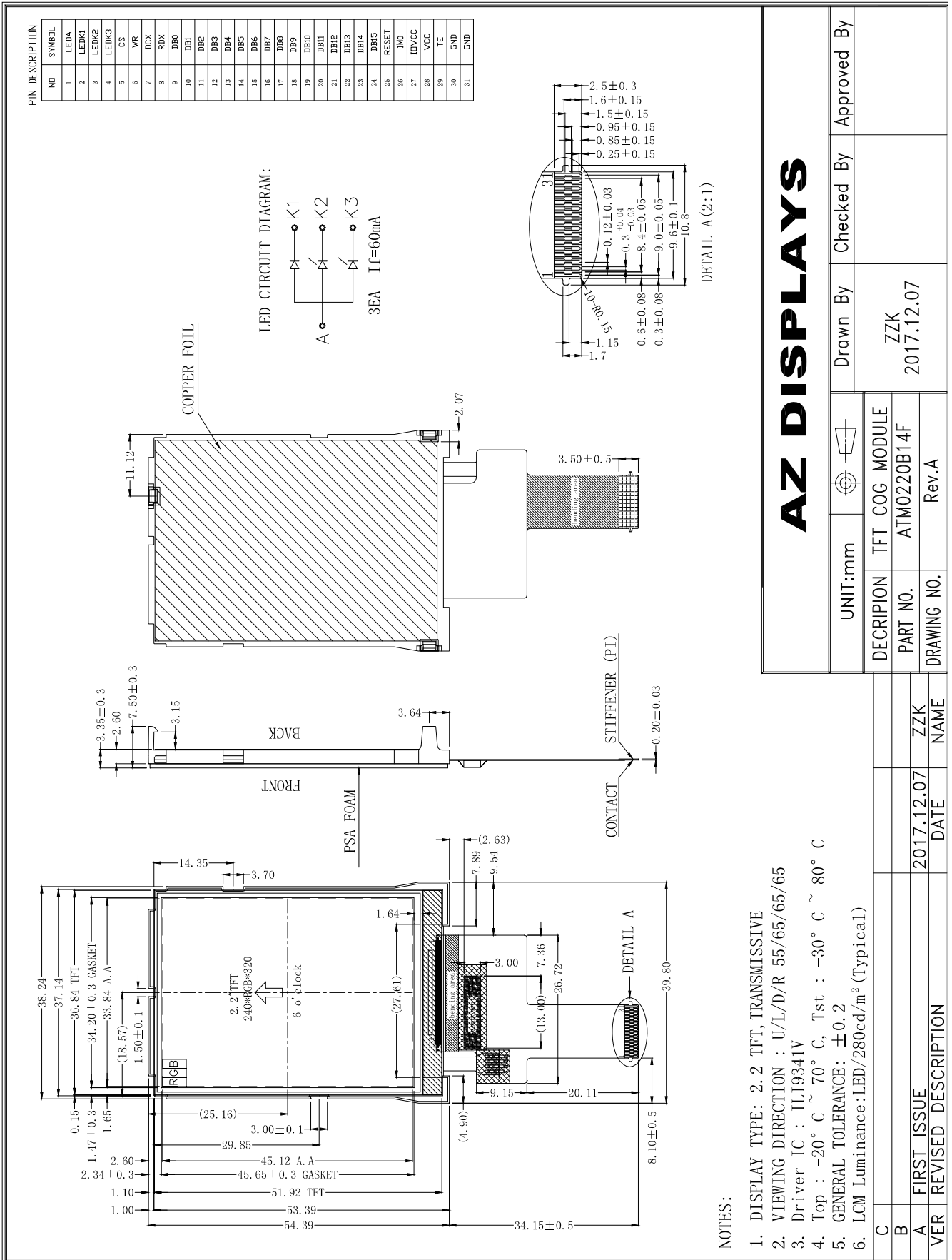
Date	Rev.No.	Page	Revision Items	Prepared
2017-12-07	V1.0		The first release	ZZK

3. General Specifications

ATM0200B14F is a TFT-LCD module. It is composed of a TFT-LCD panel, driver IC, FPC, a back light unit. The 2.2" display area contains 240 x 320 pixels and can display up to 262K colors. This product accords with RoHS environmental criterion.

Item	Contents	Unit	Note
LCD Type	TFT	-	
Display color	262K		
Viewing Direction	6	O'Clock	
Gray scale inversion direction	12	O'Clock	
Operating temperature	-20~+70	°C	
Storage temperature	-30~+80	°C	
Module size	Refer to outline drawing	mm	
Active Area(W×H)	33.84X45.12	mm	
Number of Dots	240×320	dots	
Controller	ILI9341V	-	
Power Supply Voltage	2.8	V	
Outline Dimensions	Refer to outline drawing	-	
Backlight	3-LEDs (white)	pcs	
Weight	---	g	
Interface	MCU—8/16bit	-	

4. Outline Drawing



5. Absolute Maximum Ratings(Ta=25°C)

5.1 Electrical Absolute Maximum Ratings.(Vss=0V ,Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	-0.3	3.6	V	1, 2

Notes:

1. If the module is above these absolute maximum ratings. It may become permanently damaged.

Using the module within the following electrical characteristic conditions are also exceeded, the module will malfunction and cause poor reliability.

2. V_{CC} > V_{SS} must be maintained.

5.2 Environmental Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Item	Storage		Operating		Note
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Ambient Temperature	-30°C	80°C	-20°C	70°C	1,2
Humidity	-	-	-	-	3

1. The response time will become lower when operated at low temperature.

2. Background color changes slightly depending on ambient temperature.

The phenomenon is reversible.

3. Ta<=40°C:85%RH MAX.

Ta>=40°C:Absolute humidity must be lower than the humidity of 85%RH at 40°C.

6. Electrical Specifications and Instruction Code

6.1 Electrical characteristics(V_{SS}=0V ,Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note	
Power supply	V _{CC}	Ta=25°C	2.6	2.8	3.3	V	IOV _{CC} <V _{CC}	
	IOV _{CC}	Ta=25°C	1.65	1.8	3.3	V		
Input voltage	'H'	V _{IH}	V _{CC} =2.8V	0.8V _{CC}	-	V _{CC}	V	
	'L'	V _{IL}	V _{CC} =2.8V	0	-	0.2V _{CC}	V	
Current Consumption	I _{CC1}	Normal mode	-	5	10	mA	1	
	I _{CC2}	Sleep mode	-	0.05	0.1	mA	1	

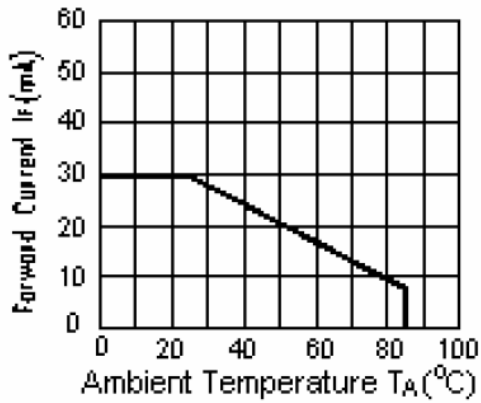
Note:

1: Tested in 1×1 chessboard pattern.

6.2 LED backlight specification(VSS=0V ,Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
Supply voltage	Vf	If=60mA	-	3.0	-	V	
Uniformity	Δ Bp	If=60mA	80			%	
Luminance for LCD	Lv	If=60mA	-	280		Cd/m2	
Life for the LED	life	If=60mA	-	20000	-	hours	1

Note:



ILED VS TEMP

6.3 Interface signals

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function
1	LEDA	P	LED back light(Anode)
2~4	LEDK1~K3		LED back light(Cathode)
5	CS	I	Chip select signal
6	WR	I	Write enable pin I80 parallel bus system interface
7	DCX	I	Command / parameter or display data selection pin
8	RDX	I	Read enable pin I80 parallel bus system interface
9-24	DB0-DB15	1	Data bus pin.
25	RESET	I	Reset the display
26	IM0	I	IM0="1",DB8~DB15 used ; IM0="0", DB0~DB15 used.
27	IOVCC	P	Power Supply Voltage for internal logic circuit (+1.8/2.8V)
28	VCC	P	Power Supply Voltage for analog circuit (+2.8V)
29	TE	O	Tearing effect output pin to sync MPU to frame writing.
30-31	GND	P	Ground.

7. Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Brightness	Bp	$\theta=0^\circ$	-	280	-	Cd/m ²	1
Uniformity	Δ Bp	$\Phi=0^\circ$	80	-	-	%	1,2
Viewing Angle	3:00	Cr \geq 10	-	65	-	Deg	3
	6:00		-	65	-		
	9:00		-	65	-		
	12:00		-	55	-		
Contrast Ratio	Cr	$\theta=0^\circ$ $\Phi=0^\circ$	250	350	-	-	4
Response Time	T _r		-	20	-	ms	5
	T _f	-	20	-	ms		
Color of CIE Coordinate	W	x	$\theta=0^\circ$ $\Phi=0^\circ$	0.31	-	-	1,6
		y		0.35	-	-	
	R	x		0.63	-	-	
		y		0.31	-	-	
	G	x		0.31	-	-	
		y		0.53	-	-	
	B	x		0.13	-	-	
		y		0.17	-	-	
NTSC Ratio	S	50	60	-	%		

Note: The parameter is slightly changed by temperature, driving voltage and material

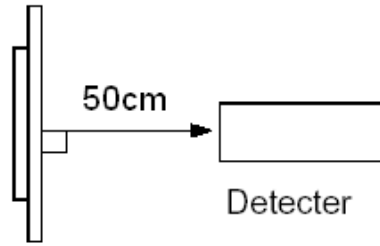
Note 1: The data are measured after LEDs are turned on for 5 minutes. LCM displays full white.

The brightness is the average value of 9 measured spots. Measurement equipment PR-705 (Φ 8mm)

Measuring condition:

- Measuring surroundings: Dark room.
- Measuring temperature: Ta=25°C.
- Adjust operating voltage to get optimum contrast at the center of the display.

Measured value at the center point of LCD panel after more than 5 minutes while backlight turning on.

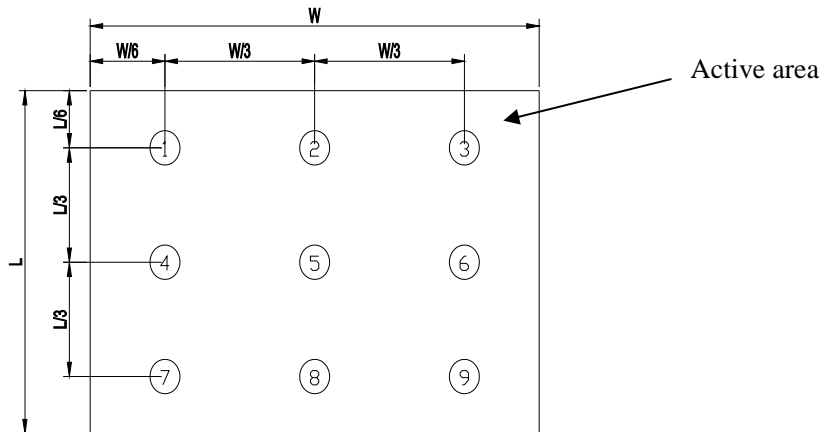


Note 2: The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

$$\Delta Bp = Bp (\text{Min.}) / Bp (\text{Max.}) \times 100 (\%)$$

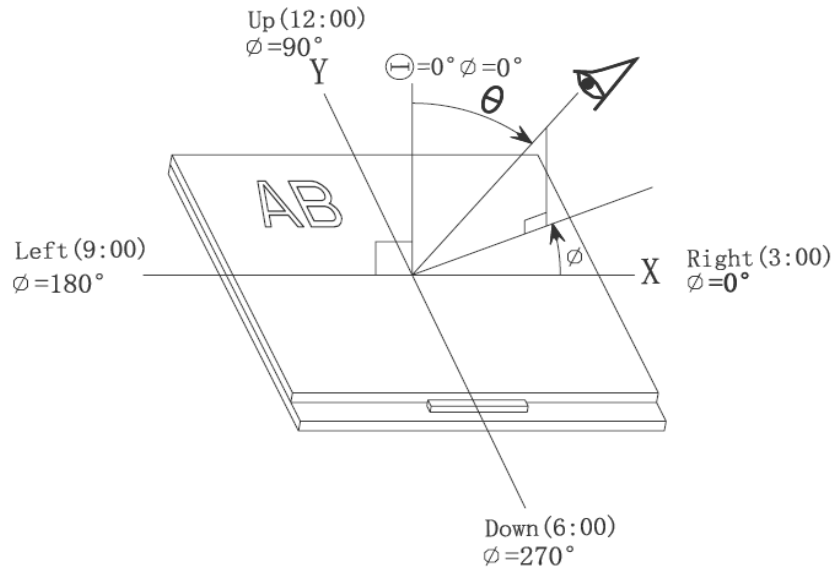
$Bp (\text{Max.})$ = Maximum brightness in 9 measured spots

$Bp (\text{Min.})$ = Minimum brightness in 9 measured spots.

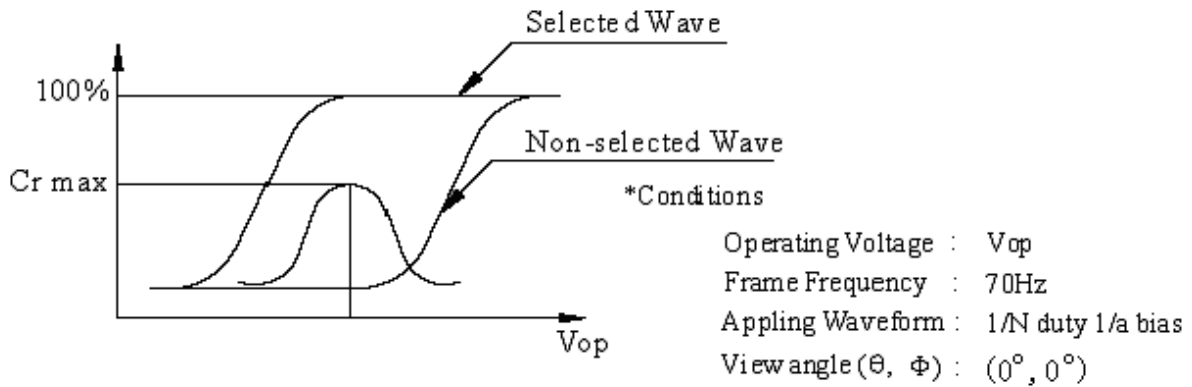


Note 3: The definition of viewing angle:

Refer to the graph below marked by θ and ϕ



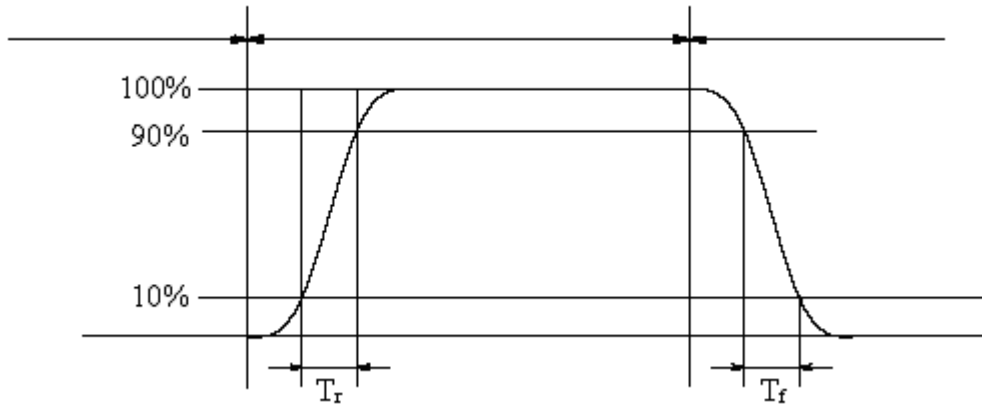
Note 4: Definition of contrast ratio.(Test LCD using DMS501)



$$\text{Contrast ratio}(Cr) = \frac{\text{Brightness of selected dots}}{\text{Brightness of non-selected dots}}$$

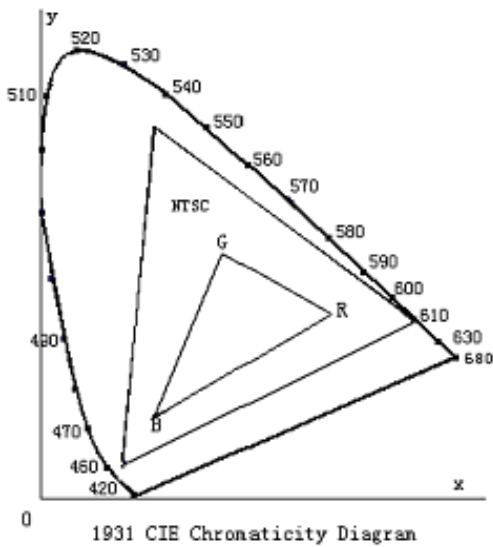
Note 5: Definition of Response time. (Test LCD using DMS501):

The output signals of photo detector are measured when the input signals are changed from “black” to “white”(falling time) and from “white” to “black”(rising time), respectively. The response time is defined as the time interval between the 10% and 90% of amplitudes.Refer to figure as below.



The definition of response time

Note 6: Definition of Color of CIE Coordinate and NTSC Ratio.

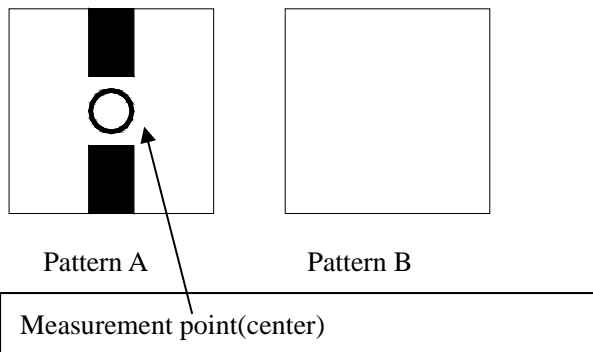


Color gamut:

$$S = \frac{\text{area of RGB triangle}}{\text{area of NTSC triangle}} \times 100\%$$

Note 7: Definition of cross talk.

Cross talk ratio(%)=|pattern A Brightness-pattern B Brightness|/pattern A Brightness*100



Electric volume value=3F+/-3Hex

8. Reliability Test Items and Criteria

No	Test Item	Test condition	Criterion
1	High Temperature Storage	80°C±2°C 96H Restore 2H at 25°C Power off	1. After testing, cosmetic and electrical defects should not happen. 2. Total current consumption should not be more than twice of initial value.
2	Low Temperature Storage	-30°C±2°C 96H Restore 2H at 25°C Power off	
3	High Temperature Operation	70°C±2°C 96H Restore 2H at 25°C Power on	
4	Low Temperature Operation	-20°C±2°C 96H Restore 4H at 25°C Power on	
5	High Temperature/Humidity Operation	60°C±2°C 90%RH 96H Power on	
6	Temperature Cycle	-30°C —————> 80°C 30min 5min 30min after 5 cycle, Restore 2H at 25°C Power off	
7	Vibration Test	10Hz~150Hz, 100m/s ² , 120min	Not allowed cosmetic and electrical defects.
8	Shock Test	Half- sine wave, 300m/s ² , 11ms	

Note: Operation: Supply 2.8V for logic system.

The inspection terms after reliability test, as below

ITEM	Inspection
Contrast	CR>50%
IDD	IDD<200%
Brightness	Brightness>60%
Color Tone	Color Tone+/-0,05

9. Precautions for Use of LCD Modules

9.1 Handling Precautions

9.1.1 The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it from a high place, etc.

9.1.2 If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance inside it leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth, if the substance comes into contact with your skin or clothes, promptly wash it off using soap and water.

9.1.3 Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.

9.1.4 The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully.

9.1.5 If the display surface is contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If still not completely clear, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:

- Isopropyl alcohol
- Ethyl alcohol

Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer.

Especially, do not use the following:

- Water
- Ketone
- Aromatic solvents

9.1.6 Do not attempt to disassemble the LCD Module.

9.1.7 If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.

9.1.8 To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.

- a. Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD Modules.
- b. Tools required for assembly, such as soldering irons, must be properly ground.
- c. To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions.

- d. The LCD Module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Be care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

9.2 Storage precautions

9.2.1 When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps.

9.2.2 The LCD modules should be stored under the storage temperature range. If the LCD modules will be stored for a long time, the recommend condition is:

Temperature : $0^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 40^{\circ}\text{C}$

Relatively humidity: $\leq 80\%$

9.2.3 The LCD modules should be stored in the room without acid, alkali and harmful gas.

9.3 The LCD modules should be no falling and violent shocking during transportation, and also should avoid excessive press, water, damp and sunshine.